

## MAID OUTPATIENT CHECKLIST FOR SOTDs

Action	Notes
Pre-Approach	Planning
Contact most responsible MD/NP or MAID Coordinator to develop an approach plan. If SOTD approaching patient requires support of an SOTD experienced with MAID. SOTD is to self-identify this request with MOC	<ul> <li>Things to consider:</li> <li>Timing of MAID provision</li> <li>Patient's planned location for provision</li> <li>How the patient communicates</li> <li>If a patient is no longer competent but has a signed waiver to proceed with MAID, consult MOC.</li> </ul>
Set time and place with patient for in person approach at home or consider next booked hospital appointment If approaching in the community, two SOTDs will often do the approach together. Confer with the MOC for staffing support and plan. In the rare event that a second SOTD cannot attend consider a combined health care team approach with MAID assessor, MRP, SW or Home care Nurse for example. A phone approach may be made available to patient and or the patient's family if requested.	<ul> <li>If not noted in iTransplant, SOTD should ask the patient directly: <ul> <li>Have you submitted the witnessed, written application for MAID</li> <li>Have you spoken with a MAID assessor or provider regarding your application</li> </ul> </li> <li>If the answer to these questions is NO, the SOTD can only have a general conversation about donation.</li> </ul>
Complete CSF-9-236 Coronavirus (COVID-19) First-Person Donor Screening Tool	Completed prior to meeting in person.
Identify location of MAID provision	<ul> <li>If donation after MAID is planned at a HD hospital, inform the designated Hospital Development Coordinator (HDC).</li> <li>When planning logistics involve HDC (if needed) and key hospital stakeholders (i.e. Ops lead, OR manager, admitting unit manager) Things to consider:</li> <li>Where and when will patient be admitted?</li> <li>Who will be admitting provider?</li> <li>Will patient be having provision in admitted unit or in another location closer to OR?</li> <li>Who will monitor the arterial line and draw bloods if needed on day of provision?</li> </ul>
If NPOD after MAID is being considered Refer to NPOD after MAID at home resource package	
If sedation at home for in-hospital MAID is determined to be an option, refer to the Sedation at home resource package	



Consent Pr	OCESS
Complete First-Person Consent to Donate Organs and/or Tissues CSF – 9 - 187 Note: The family/SDM or a second SOTD can sign as a witness at the bottom of the First- Person Consent if the patient cannot sign	Notify PRC-TL and the following post consent: MAID provider, MAID coordinator, RTC, and MOC if appropriate. Identify patient's preference for confidentiality about MAID and identify if there are any individuals TGLN should not speak to about their MAID decision. Document this in iTransplant.
<ul> <li>Ensure consent discussion includes location, all tests, procedures and key suitability concerns below</li> <li>Lungs - hx smoking? Asthma? COPD?</li> <li>Kidney/pancreas - CAD? MI? vascular disease? DM? Kidney related disease/issues - dialysis, stones, etc.</li> <li>Liver - ETOH? Liver disease - fibrotic? steatosis? (if known)</li> <li>Cancer hx?</li> <li>Previous biopsy?</li> <li>Known +ve serology?</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Bloodwork</li> <li>Chest X-ray</li> <li>Urine for culture, R+M, ACR</li> <li>COVID-19 NPS x 2 (within 5 days pre- provision &amp; within 24hrs of provision)</li> <li>Physical Assessment</li> <li>Abdominal U/S</li> <li>Heparin</li> <li>Arterial Line</li> <li>Additional testing if requested by transplant programs would be explained and agreed upon by the patient</li> <li>MAID provision in hospital for donation</li> </ul>
Medical-social questionnaire	<ul> <li>Patient may need a break between completing the consent and medical-social history questionnaire depending on their energy level.</li> <li>A family member can do medical-social history questionnaire if patient is not able to complete</li> <li>The completion of the medical-social history questionnaire is required within 10 days of the provision to ensure the information is accurate.</li> </ul>
Discuss arterial line insertion with patient and MAID provider and identify the individual responsible for inserting arterial line before MAID procedure	Arterial line insertion is the preferred method for death determination. If there is difficulty obtaining an arterial line (multiple failed attempts), then stop attempts and call DSP for discussion of an alternative method for death determination. ECG is now the only acceptable alternative to an arterial line for death determination. The DSP must be consulted for approval of use of an ECG in place of the arterial line. If electrocardiographic monitoring is used, it is not required throughout the MAID provision. The leads can be attached without the monitor turned on, with monitoring initiated immediately following respiratory arrest (Refer to <i>CPI-9-223 Donation Following Medical Assistance in Dying</i> ).



Action	Notes
Scan consent form into iTransplant	Original can be given to MAID provider, MAID coordinator, or kept in hospital chart (if and when admitted to hospital) so that it is available on the day of MAID provision for the transplant surgeons.
TGLN Huddle	Include CSC-TL, CSC, MOC, HD if non-SOTD hospital, and any SOTDs that will be involved in case
Suitability Testin	
Suitability Testin         Obtain: <ul> <li>Height &amp; weight</li> <li>Group &amp; screen (including subtype)</li> <li>Baseline blood work:</li> <li>CBC, APTT, INR Electrolytes, HbA1c, Calcium, Magnesium, Phosphate Creatinine, BUN, Glucose Total Protein, Albumin, Bilirubin (total &amp; direct), ALT, AST, ALP, GGT, Amylase, Lipase, LDH, Lactate,</li> <li>One set of vital signs</li> <li>COVID-19 NPS x1, and second NPS within 24 hours of MAID provision</li> <li>Urine Albumin to Creatinine ratio (ACR/Microalbumin) or Urine Protein to Creatinine Ratio (PCR) (for donors with history of diabetes)</li> <li>Consider blood/urine cultures (if provision is within 7 days)</li> <li>Chest x-ray (a previous CXR up to 3 months to MAID is acceptable)</li> <li>Serology and HLA</li> <li>Ultrasound to assess kidneys and liver</li> </ul> <li>Second COVID-19 NPS is required within 24 hours of MAID provision. If lungs accepted, BAL will be collected post-mortem in OR by lung program.</li> <li>Arrange logistics for blood draw – two options:</li>	
2) Testing at patient's home with outpatient lab tech visit or Community Paramedics if available in the local region.	Note: Transplant centers may request a repeat HLA 1-2 days prior to the provision date. Check with CSC to determine if this will be required and arrange blood draws accordingly.



Action	Notes
Please note that coordinating in home testing could take several days to arrange with home care services.         * The patient and/or family should not incur any costs to facilitate donation. Reimbursement is available for expenses incurred for testing purposes.	<ol> <li>Arrange for patient to arrive in hospital and have blood draws, abdominal ultrasound (if indicated), and chest x-ray (if indicated) completed sequentially to minimize disruption to patient. This may require a discussion with manager of lab and diagnostic imaging. A request should be made to the lab to have the serology and HLA blood handed back to the SOTD.</li> <li>This can be arranged through one of the provincial homecare services, either Lifelabs (1- 877-849-3637) or Gamma Dynacare (1-800-565- 5721) or via Community Paramedics for blood testing or COVID testing (if available in local region). Ideally, the labels for baseline bloodwork should be generated at the MAID provision hospital. SOTD would then bring labels and blood tubes to patient's home to meet with blood draw homecare service. A request should be made to the homecare service to have the blood handed back to the SOTD for processing at the hospital and HLA and serology. If processing at hospital not possible, ensure external lab is able to run required tests in a timely manner (i.e. subtyping).</li> <li>*Consult MOC for current additional infectious disease testing and procedures at time of huddle(s)</li> <li>**Consider Community Paramedics or EMS to collect NPS.</li> </ol>



Action	Notes
Obtain:	Tests will be ordered by the Primary Care Provider,
Height & weight	most responsible MD/NP or a provider at the
<ul> <li>Group &amp; screen (including subtype)</li> </ul>	intended MAID hospital.
Baseline blood work:	
• CBC, APTT, INR Electrolytes, HbA1c,	If requested a consult with DSP or MOC can be
Calcium, Magnesium, Phosphate	arranged.
Creatinine, BUN, Glucose Total	
Protein, Albumin, Bilirubin (total &	Refer to MAID Physician Communication Suitability
direct), ALT, AST, ALP, GGT, Amylase,	Screening Tool - this can be given to the ordering
Lipase, LDH, Lactate,	provider to support bloodwork requests.
<ul> <li>One set of vital signs</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>COVID-19 NPS x1, and second NPS</li> </ul>	
within 24 hours of MAID provision	TIMING CONSIDERATIONS and BLOODWORK
Urinalysis	For MAID provisions with a set provision date in
Urine Albumin to Creatinine ratio	the next 5-7 days:
(ACR/Microalbumin) or Urine Protein to	Collect COV/ID 10 NDS, corology, ABO (upless
Creatinine Ratio (PCR) (for donors with	Collect COVID-19 NPS, serology, ABO (unless
history of diabetes)	previously completed), HLA <u>and blood for cross-</u> match as you normally would in your region. If
<ul> <li>Consider blood/urine cultures (if</li> </ul>	unable to get the full amounts, see final page for
provision is within 7 days)	regional labs minimum requirement for blood in
<ul> <li>Chest x-ray (a previous CXR up to 3</li> </ul>	MAID.
months to MAID is acceptable)	
<ul> <li>Serology and HLA</li> </ul>	Note: If serology is done 7 days or more prior to
<ul> <li>Ultrasound to assess kidneys and liver</li> </ul>	MAID, it will need to be repeated or consult TSP-ID
	in special circumstances.
Second COVID-19 NPS is required within 24	
hours of MAID provision. If lungs accepted, BAL	For patients requesting MAID without a planned
will be collected post-mortem in OR by lung	provision date: collect HLA without a crossmatch,
program.	as well as COVID-19 NPS, serology, and ABO.
Arrange logistics for blood draw – two options:	
	If NAT testing is indicated, additional EDTA (6 ml) is
1) Testing at hospital during a patient visit	required.
2) Testing at patient's home with outpatient lab	Note: Transplant contera may request a report ULA
tech visit or Community Paramedics if available	Note: Transplant centers may request a repeat HLA 1-2 days prior to the provision date. Check with
in the local region.	CSC to determine if this will be required and
Ĭ	arrange blood draws accordingly.
Please note that coordinating in home testing	arango bioda arawo accordingiy.
could take several days to arrange with home	1) Arrange for patient to arrive in hospital and have
care services.	blood draws, abdominal ultrasound (if indicated),
	and chest x-ray (if indicated) completed sequentially
* The patient and/or family should not incur any	to minimize disruption to patient. This may require a
costs to facilitate donation. Reimbursement is	discussion with manager of lab and diagnostic
available for expenses incurred for testing	imaging. A request should be made to the lab to
purposes.	have the serology and HLA blood handed back to
	the SOTD.
	2) This can be arranged through one of the
	provincial homecare services, either Lifelabs (1-
	877-849-3637) or Gamma Dynacare (1-800-565-
	5721) or via Community Paramedics for blood



Action	Notes
	testing or COVID testing (if available in local region). Ideally, the labels for baseline bloodwork should be generated at the MAID provision hospital. SOTD would then bring labels and blood tubes to patient's home to meet with blood draw homecare service. A request should be made to the homecare service to have the blood handed back to the SOTD for processing at the hospital and HLA and serology. If processing at hospital not possible, ensure external lab is able to run required tests in a timely manner (i.e. subtyping). *Consult MOC for current additional infectious disease testing and procedures at time of huddle(s) **Consider Community Paramedics or EMS to collect NPS.
Ensure patient is aware that a physical assessment is required and plan for a time to complete that is convenient for the patient. Physical assessment includes height and weight. Obtaining a weight in-home may not be possible if patient has no scale or has mobility issues. In this case offer with best estimated weight	<ul> <li>Full physical assessment required prior to provision or donor will be offered under exceptional distribution, with exam completed post-mortem. Suggested scripting for patient: <i>"We are looking for any lumps, bumps, or moles."</i></li> <li>If visiting patient at home for physical assessment, visit should be done with 2 SOTDs present. If unable to have 2nd SOTD, schedule visit with healthcare provider according to patient schedule (PSW, MAID coordinator, RN, NP, MD).</li> <li>Consider planning for a time that the patient will be in bed for physical assessment if appropriate.</li> </ul>
Discuss MAID provision plans with patient (and family if indicated), include preferred timing and location of MAID if organs are not accepted for transplant	Note that some hospitals may not be able to fulfill patient requests for OR timing and some flexibility may be required. If patient is having MAID at hospital only for purposes of donation, CSC and MOC should be informed as this may affect allocation plan.
Following organ acceptance obtain:	
<ul><li>Physical Exam within 30 days</li><li>Blood culture x 1,</li></ul>	



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Action	Notes
<ul> <li>Urine culture (within 7 days of the procedure)</li> <li>Additional blood as required</li> <li>Additional testing as requested by transplant team (i.e. Abdominal US)</li> <li>Repeat baseline blood work ONLY if requested by accepting transplant program and the patient is able to accommodate</li> <li>Additional infectious disease testing (i.e. COVID-19 NP swab as per current testing guideline</li> <li>Following Tissue Acceptance for OT cases:         <ul> <li>2<sup>nd</sup> huddle with Tissue Lead, SOTD to determine plan and patient suitability once provision date confirmed. Bloods are required to be drawn on the day of provision (if NPOD then draw within 5 days prior). Bloods are sent to head office – confirm tubes and amounts with TC</li> </ul> </li> <li>If organs are not accepted; communicate to patient that hospital provision is no longer required for donation.</li> <li>Communicate to all involved parties that no organs were accepted.</li> <li>Handover to TC TL – to confirm tissue</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Notes</li> <li>Confirm with CSC/Tissue Lead if further blood is required for tissue donation, archival or public health</li> <li>Bloods for tissue should be collected on the day of provision.</li> <li>Determine if bloods will be given to the SRC or left with the patient after recovery Blood draw must be done prior to heparin dose being given</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>potential</li> <li>Confirm patient is still interested in tissue donation and if so, ensure patient has contact information for Provincial Resource Centre</li> <li>Inform patient that an expert from the tissue team will reach out for medical-social history questionnaire completion within 10 days of provision or post provision with family</li> <li>Inform MAID provider case closed for organ and to call the PRC with provision date to proceed with tissue potential</li> </ul>	
Organ Recovery F	To rianning



Action	Notes
Determine need for a re-Huddle 48 hours prior to provision date with MOC, SOTD, and PRC (if possible) who will be providing case support during provision	With prolonged case planning, this re-huddle provides an opportunity to identify any remaining issues or concerns SOTD Pre and Post Call considerations: all attempts should be made to avoid using an on- call SOTD as the second SOTD when provision is during the day.
COVID NPS within 5 days and 24 hrs of provision as per CSF-9-236 Coronavirus (COVID-19) First-Person Donor Screening Tool	Assess hospital lab turnaround time for COVID-19 Specimens. If turnaround time is a concern send the specimen to TML. If unable to adhere to usual timing, TSP-ID consult is necessary.
If blood is to be collected for serology on the day of provision, it must be taken prior to heparin administration. **If not done, this would be a lost tissue opportunity.	If serology for organ or tissue remains to be drawn, it must be drawn prior to heparin administration.
SOTD to remind MAID provider to check with hospital pharmacy that MAID provision medications and heparin available on day of provision (if applicable)	
SOTD to confirm location of MAID provision. If organs are not accepted, communicate to patient that hospital provision is no longer required for donation. Communicate to all involved parties that no organs were accepted.	<ul> <li>Things to consider:</li> <li>Standard DCC WLSM location as per hospital policy.</li> <li>Standard MAID provision location and proximity to the operating room. Family presence during MAID provision.</li> <li>Consider patient mobility and clothing plans– will patient be in bed, in a chair, dressed, in a gown?</li> </ul>
Determine if additional SOTD support is Required	<ul> <li>If it is the primary SOTD's first donation following MAID case, the support of a second SOTD is preferred. Primary SOTD to self-identify need to MOC.</li> <li>When possible, assign consistent SOTD to case to ensure continuity of care.</li> </ul>
SOTDs to instruct MRP/NP or MAID Coordinator to inform the Coroner's office that organ donation has occurred following death, as per their standard reporting practices.	Ontario Health (TGLN) is no longer required to obtain Coroner permission for Organ and Tissue Donation following MAID. MAID providers are required to fulfill their usual reporting requirements independent of Ontario Health (TGLN). This reporting occurs after the patient has died.
<ul> <li>Ensure a copy of:</li> <li>The application form is in iTransplant [(Patient's written witnessed MAID request (i.e. Clinician Aid A)] as well as the patient's chart. This is in lieu of the WLSM note.</li> </ul>	Add TGLN # to Form     Note: Provider electronic document will not be fully     completed until after time of provision.



Action	Notes
<ul> <li>1st written assessment/approval</li> <li>(i.e. clinical note or copy of the filled electronic form)</li> <li>2nd assessment/approval</li> <li>(i.e. clinical note or copy of the filled electronic form)</li> </ul>	
Confirm MAID provision/OR time and book OR	<ul> <li>CSC confirms OR timing with transplant teams, reiterating sensitivity of case and patient/hospital drive timing.</li> <li>SOTD ensures OR staff are aware it is a donation after MAID case in the event there are conscientious objectors.</li> <li>If MAID procedure location will be in OR or PACU, consider atmosphere for patient and family comfort. May use drapes to maintain privacy and cover surgical instruments, etc.</li> </ul>
Determine which two physicians will be immediately available for pronouncement of death	Physician requirements are consistent with DCC donor guidelines. The <i>Gift of Life Act</i> requires two physicians to determination of death for organ donation. NPs are not permitted to determine death for the purposes of donation.
Confirm availability of Anaesthetist, Anaesthesia Assistant (AA) or Registered Respiratory Therapist (RRT) if lungs are accepted.	Anaesthetist or delegate (i.e., AA or RRT) in the OR for re-intubation, assistance with bronchoscopy, and management of ventilator until the trachea is clamped (approximately 1 hour).
Discuss heparin dosing and order with MRP/MAID provider Determine which physician or NP (e.g., MRP, MAID provider, or alternate physician) will be administering heparin. Have MAID provider explain MAID process to patient. SOTD to explain donation process following MAID provision to patient.	<ul> <li>Things to consider:</li> <li>Heparin dosing determined by transplant team; communicated to SOTD via CSC.</li> <li>Varying skill levels/physician specialties of MAID providers could affect comfort level with heparin administration.</li> <li>Heparin should be administered five minutes before MAID medications.</li> <li>If serology for organ or tissue still needs to be drawn, this must be done prior to heparin administration.</li> </ul>



Action	Notes
OR set up	<ul> <li>The surgical recovery team should arrive on-site at least one hour prior to the intended time of MAID provision; ensure they have access to OR and scrubs. We must consider that the MAID procedure booked time is patient and family specific.</li> <li>Introduce transplant teams to OR staff.</li> <li>The OR set up must be completed prior to MAID provision.</li> <li>Determine the best route to OR from MAID provision location; clear a pathway as necessary.</li> </ul>
Check bed height compared to OR bed height	If possible, ensure the patient bed is slightly higher than OR bed for ease of transfer.
Confirm patient/donor readiness once admitted to hospital	If the patient is eating, the transplant team must be notified. Donation post MAID does not require the standard DCD protocol of removing patient's arm from gown, shaving patient's chest/abdomen, inserting NG tube, NPO prior to OR, etc. Ensure patient has an ID band on. What will patient wear? If it is their own clothing, are they ok with them being cut off?
Review the First-Person Donate Organs and/or Tissue Form	Note any special requests for pre and post mortem care, including requests about music, prayers, etc., and relay to MAID provision team and OR staff.
Huddle with OR staff and MAID provision team (i.e., anyone who will be present for the MAID provision)	<ul> <li>All paperwork</li> <li>DCC process from time of MAID provision to organ recovery; note how process differs from standard DCC.</li> <li>Roles and expectations of each staff member including MAID team</li> <li>Special requests</li> <li>Answer any questions</li> <li>Let recovery staff know they will not be getting any vital signs, just notification of medication administration</li> </ul>
MAID Provisio	
If applicable, transfer the patient to the MAID provision location	MAID provision location should be in close proximity to the OR and have monitoring capabilities.
DCC Pre-Huddle – Initiated by SOTD	If the declaring physician(s) is new to DCC, they must view DCC Pre-Huddle videos.



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Action	Notes
Ensure patient patent IV access	<ul> <li>Immediate DSP consult needed if any parties involved refuse arterial line insertion.</li> <li>If arterial line access is anticipated to be difficult or if multiple failed attempts have occurred, call DSP immediately</li> <li>Obtaining IV access is the health care team's</li> </ul>
	responsibility
Discuss communication plan for post MAID provision with SRC or Transplant Donation Specialist (TDS) and second SOTD	There will be no constant monitoring of vitals; SOTD will only communicate time of MAID provision.
Huddle with patient and family	Review DCC process from time of MAID provision to organ recovery. Ensure there is a staff member identified to support family (SW, RN, Chaplain) after MAID provision.
Pronouncemen	
Review Pronouncement of Death: Organ Donation After Death by circulatory Determination form with the physicians confirming death determination. Review and complete the Pronouncement of Death: Organ Donation After Death by	<ul> <li>Important to review prior to MAID provision as the physicians may not be familiar with the form.</li> <li>Explain where to sign and where to document the start time of the observation period and the pronouncement of death time.</li> <li>The preferred method is as follows:         <ul> <li>Upon cessation of spontaneous circulation,</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<i>Circulatory Determination</i> form with both physicians and obtain signatures from both.	<ul> <li>a 5-minute, hands off, observational period will take place to confirm the following: <ul> <li>The continuous absence of pulse pressure monitored by an arterial line;</li> <li>No respiratory effort;</li> <li>No palpable pulse at the beginning and end of the 5-minute period</li> </ul> </li> <li>The second physician will also confirm death at the end of the 5-minute observational period.</li> <li>When no arterial line is used, electrocardiogram monitoring must be in place for the confirmation of permanent cessation of circulation.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Monitoring (arterial line or electrocardiographic) should be in place for the entire duration of the five-minute</li> </ul>
	observation
Patient Trans	sport
Transport patient to the OR	Transport should be done quickly and as safely as possible following pronouncement of death.
Debrief with available staff	Plan to have a debrief session immediately following patient transport to OR and plan a follow-up debrief with hospital determined

Action	Notes
	attendees one week later if requested. Debrief for HD hospitals are arranged with HD involvement.
iTranspla	ant
Upload documents and enter post MAID provision data into iTransplant Ensure TGLN #, date and time written on documents	<ul> <li>SOTD to upload:</li> <li>Time of MAID provision</li> <li>Pronouncement of death form</li> <li>DCC flowsheet with absent vital sign documentation after 5-minute hands off period</li> <li>MAID application and assessment form documents.</li> <li>First Person Consent to Donate Form</li> </ul>
Notify family services of donation after MAID	SOTD to check the alert box 'Do Not Contact' in authorizing person information section and to add in 'MAID/First Person Consent' in comment box for Family Services to connect with NOK.

Minimum blood specimen requirements for testing in MAID if access is limited: (Always obtain the full amount of blood required when possible. If access is limited, refer to the below table) **Toronto HLA** 1-3 EDTA (6 ml each) for initial HLA testing. 5-10 ACD for cross-match to be collected within 48 hours of MAID or day of provision. **Toronto serology** 1 EDTA tube (pink/purple 6 ml) & 1 clotted serum tube (red 6ml) (If NAT is required or of during WNV season May-October, send a second (6ml) EDTA) **Ottawa HLA** 2 EDTA (6 ml each) for initial HLA testing

6 ACD for cross-match to be collected within 48 hours of MAID or day of provision.

## Ottawa serology (CHEO)

2 red tops (clotted serum tubes 6 ml each) (If NAT is required, one (6 ml) EDTA to TML (If it is WNV season May – October, 1 EDTA to Ottawa Microbiology lab)

London HLA

2 EDTA 10 ml (total) 6 ACD

## London Serology

2 SST/gold top (10 ml total) 1-2 EDTA ACD for cross-match to be collected within 48 hours of MAID or day of provision. **Kingston HLA** 1-2 EDTA or ACD for HLA typing

6-10 ACD for cross-match to be collected within 48 hours of MAID or day of provision.

