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Clinical Process Instruction Manual

Deceased Donor Exclusion Criteria and Suitability Screening Process Instruction

Policy:

Organ specific absolute and relative deceased donor exclusion criteria is developed in consultation with the Provincial organ specific working groups. The information is utilized by Trillium Gift of Life Network (TGLN) Coordinators to effectively screen potential organ donors for suitability to donate. Each organ specific deceased donor exclusion document includes Provincial absolute and relative donor exclusions for Death Determination by Neurologic Criteria (DNC) and Death Determination by Circulatory Criteria (DCC) donations as well as transplant program specific exclusions.

Organ specific absolute and relative deceased donor exclusion criteria are reviewed annually by the Provincial Heart, Lung, Kidney, Pancreas, Liver, Small Bowel, Liver/Bowel and Composite Tissue Specific Working Groups.

For the purposes of this process instruction, TGLN Coordinators are defined as Clinical Services Coordinators (CSC), Referral Triage Coordinators (RTC), Organ and Tissue Donation Coordinators (OTDC) and Clinical Responders (CR).

Process:

- 1. The TGLN Coordinator assesses deceased donor potential by obtaining organ specific assessment information from hospital staff. Information gathered during the assessment is reviewed against the organ specific *Provincial and Transplant Program Specific Exclusions* documents located on the Online Resource Centre (ORC). See a sample in Exhibit 1.
- 2. The presence of absolute exclusions during assessment exclude the specific organ being assessed. The presence of relative donor exclusions during assessment may require consultation with the Transplant Support Physician (TSP) or the Transplant Support Physican Infectious Disease (TSP-ID) on-call for additional guidance in how to proceed. *Guidelines for Transplant Support Physician Consultation* (see Appendix 1) should be reviewed to determine whether a consultation is mandatory or recommended.
 - 2.1. If there are concerns about the result of a TSP consult, the TGLN Coordinator may escalate to the Chief Medical Officer (CMO) Transplant for a second opinion on the case.
- 3. During an emerging and/or declared outbreak of transmissible disease, TGLN in collaboration with the TSP-ID may develop and implement additional donor screening tools to assist in identifying and assessing donor risk level for transmission. See Exhibit 3 and Exhibit 4. Donation will not be facilitated for donors classified as being high-risk for transmission. The TSP-ID may advise Exceptional Distribution (ExD) be applied to donor risk levels identified by a screening tool as indeterminate or low as required. Refer to *CPI-9-217 for Exceptional Distribution process*.



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- 3.1. If donor is suspected or confirmed to have *Influenza*, please refer to Appendix 2 prior to offering out organs.
- 4. Any consultation of the TSP or TSP-ID prior to consent should be for medical suitability only and should not include recommendations for medical management.
- 5. The TSP or TSP-ID may make medical management recommendations on consented donors including further testing or treatment of the potential donor.
 - 5.1. Any recommendations provided by the TSP or TSP-ID which result in significant changes in the management of a potential donor should be discussed with the most responsible physician (MRP).
- 6. All consultations with the TSP or TSP-ID should be documented in the Organ Interest/TSP Calls page and *Clinical Notes* of the donor chart.
- 7. Prior to contacting transplant programs regarding deceased donor organ offers, the TGLN Coordinator will review the *Provincial and Transplant Program Specific Exclusions* and will not offer organs when absolute exclusions are present.

Changes to Provincial and Transplant Program Specific Exclusions

- 8. When changes to the *Provincial and Transplant Program Specific Exclusions* are required, a Transplant Program must complete the *Program Specific Change Request* form and submit it to oh-tgln_clinicalservices@ontariohealth.ca. See Exhibit 2.
- 9. The Manager, PRC Organ is responsible for sending *Provincial and Transplant Program Specific Exclusions* changes to the Quality Department or designate, who will update the document and post it on the ORC.

Records:

• No records.

References:

- Exceptional Distribution Process Instruction, CPI-9-217
- Provincial and Transplant Program Specific Exclusions on ORC



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Appendix 1: Guidelines for Transplant Support Physician Consultation

Background:

Trillium Gift of Life Network (TGLN) is responsible for deceased organ donation screening as the source establishment for donation in Ontario. Health Canada regulations require source establishments to conduct robust donor screening to ensure donated organs are safe for transplantation.

TGLN has partnered with two distinctive groups of physicians with expertise in transplantation for consultative services. Two Transplant Support Physicians Infectious diseases (TSP-ID) provide 24/7 on-call expert advice to prevent the transmission of infectious diseases from organ donors to transplant recipients. Six Transplant Support Physicians (TSP) provide on-call expert advice relating to donor suitability from the perspective of donor organ function and quality.

Purpose:

TSP consultative services are available to TGLN 24/7. Clinical coordinators are responsible for identifying and initiating a deceased organ donation screening consult by a TSP. The guidelines below outline when a deceased organ donation screening TSP consult is mandatory vs. recommended and what information is required for the consult:

Mandatory TSP Consult:

History of cancer

Essential: date of diagnosis and treatment(s), specific type of cancer including staging or grading, last follow-up and where

Helpful: operative notes, pathology reports, treatment notes, follow-up notes and imaging reports

Usual course: low uptake with high mortality cancers

Concerns or evidence suggesting potential malignancy

Essential: actual COD, history of malignancy, smoking history, presence/absence of recent symptoms concerning for potential malignancy

Helpful: recent/past imaging, feasibility of biopsy, specialty specific consultation including organ-specific physician opinion

Usual course: low uptake with older donor/comorbidities vs. younger donor

History of genetic, autoimmune or bleeding disorders

Essential: organs affected/function and laboratory results, recent/past specialty consultation/progress notes;



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Helpful: TSP review using UpToDate or internet resources; specialty specific consultation including organ specific physician opinion *Usual course*: usually requires expert opinion

Need for Exceptional Distribution is unclear as per CPI-9-217 Exceptional Distribution

Essential: detailed review of risk concern in relation to Health Canada Exceptional Distribution guidelines

Helpful: recent/past imaging, recent/past laboratory testing related to risk concern *Usual course*: may be disagreement from transplant program on application of EXD – reconsult with TSP as requested by transplant programs

A surge in donation cases is identified and there is risk of losing a suitable organ as per *CPI 9-422 Surgical Recovery*

Essential: CMO- Transplant involved in speaking with transplant program surgical directors when a surge is declared to help negotiate acceptable timelines/solutions to prevent organ loss

Recommended TSP Consult:

Marginal organ function

Essential: review of past medical history (hx of CV disease and poor organ function), admission history including attention to ischemic events, organ specific lab trends, trend in vital signs and organ specific testing/imaging results

Helpful: previous description of pre-terminal organ function

Usual course: younger donor results in higher likelihood of organ utilization. Older donors require pre-terminal evidence of normal organ function

Poor overall donor quality

Essential: age, high BMI, multiple comorbidities especially vascular disease, significant smoking history, alcohol history **Helpful:** previous description of pre-terminal organ function

Usual course: younger donor results in higher likelihood of organ utilization.

Trauma or anatomical defect in an organ

Essential: current and previous imaging *Helpful*: evidence of pre-terminal organ function, organ-specific physician opinion *Usual course*: younger donor results in higher likelihood of organ utilization



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Review need for further organ offers (after organ has been declined by 3 or more programs)

Essential: review of previous TSP consult detail (if applicable), and reasons for decline of the organ

Helpful: evidence of pre-terminal organ function

Usual course: younger donor results in higher likelihood of organ utilization

Expedited recovery

Essential: review of any increased risk concerns related to rapid organ allocation and recovery resource planning based on limited donor workup

Helpful: TSP to be invited to participate in STAT Team Huddle if required as per CPI-9-219 Expedited Recovery

Mandatory TSP-ID Consult:

Positive blood cultures

Essential: review of all culture reports from current admission including both positive and negative culture reports with dates and sensitivities if available and course of treatment (antibiotics with start and stop dates)

Helpful: review of clinical status/presentation (including vital signs, labs, imaging, assessment findinas)

Usual course: start or change antibiotics and generally proceed

Evidence of endocarditis, meningitis, or encephalitis

Essential: review of admission history, CSF culture reports, CSF cell count/differential (this is a must-have in cases of meningitis/encephalitis) and protein, blood cultures as above, and imaging reports that are suggestive of endocarditis, meningitis, or encephalitis **Helpful:** review of clinical status/presentation (including vital signs, labs, assessment findings, any CT/MRI head results if available)

Usual course: CT chest / abdomen, antibiotics, disposition depends on organism

Signs of infection and/or sepsis NYD

Essential: review of clinical status/presentation (including vital signs, labs, imaging, assessment findings), all culture reports from current admission and course of treatment Helpful: medical and social history questionnaire, imaging reports, consult/clinical notes **Usual course:** start antibiotics and generally proceed



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Positive or indeterminate WNV test result (as per *CPI-9-211 Infectious Disease Testing-STAT*)

Essential: if <u>indeterminate</u> - details of indeterminate result obtained from the laboratory technologist who performed the test and result of repeat WNV test performed at another Ontario lab. If <u>positive</u> – details of the positive test result. If indeterminate, email a copy of the report to TSP-ID

Helpful: complete medical and social history, including travel history to assess potential exposure risk

Usual course: If truly positive, then donor organs cannot be procured.

Positive, Indeterminate or Invalid COVID-19 test result

Essential: Coronavirus (COVID-19) Donor Screening Tool (CSF-9-235) for the donor, details of the COVID-19 test (date/time performed, type of specimen, laboratory the test was performed at, cycle threshold, etc.)

Helpful: details pertaining to the COVID status of the donor hospital/unit and any other facility the donor has been in

Usual course: If positive, proceed at direction of TSP ID. If indeterminate or invalid, repeat test and proceed

History of Tuberculosis

Essential: date of diagnosis and treatment(s)

Helpful: microbiology reports, consult notes, treatment notes, follow-up notes and imaging reports

Usual course: Can generally proceed with anti-TB medications for recipient if active TB ruled out

Recommended TSP-ID Consult:

Positive sputum cultures from potential lung donors

Essential: review of all culture reports from current admission including both positive and negative culture reports with dates and sensitivities if available and course of treatment (antibiotics with start and stop dates)

Helpful: review of clinical status/presentation (including vital signs, labs, imaging, CT chest results if available, assessment findings),

Usual course: start or change antibiotics and generally proceed

Concerns related to communicable diseases or increased risk for transmission of communicable diseases



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Essential: admission history, including details that raise concern for increased risk of transmission of communicable diseases

Helpful: medical and social history questionnaire, serology and/or NAT results (if available) *Usual course*: Additional testing of donor and/or recipient monitoring post-transplant

Request for NAT testing from a transplant program that does not meet TGLN criteria *Essential*: rationale for request from transplant program

Helpful: medical and social history questionnaire, serology results (if available) *Usual course*: Generally, NAT not performed if TGLN criteria not met

Travel to or residency in a geographic region that is considered to be endemic for transmissible diseases (i.e. West Nile Virus, malaria, yellow fever, etc.)

Essential: date(s) and location(s) of travel to and/or residency in the effected region, cause of death

Helpful: medical and social history questionnaire

Usual course: Additional testing of donor and/or recipient monitoring post-transplant

Recent travel to or residency in a geographic region under a level 2 or higher travel advisory for transmissible diseases (i.e. Zika, COVID19, etc.)

Essential: date(s) and location(s) of travel to and/or residency in the effected region **Helpful:** medical and social history questionnaire

Usual course: Additional testing of donor and/or recipient monitoring post-transplant



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Appendix 2: Guidelines Related to Organ Donation and Influenza

Guidelines Related to Organ Donation and Influenza (Includes H1N1, H3N2 and other <u>community</u> strains)*

* Based on Advisory Committee on the Safety of Blood, Tissues and Organs (SaBTO), Association of Organ Procurement Organization (AOPO), American Society of Transplantation and International Society of Heart and Lung Transplantation guidelines

Potential Donor →	(1 <u>) Confirmed</u> diagnosis of Influenza	(2) <u>Suspected or possible</u> diagnosis of Influenza	(3) Previous history of Influenza	(4) Other- including those from ward or ICU where Influenza patients are present.
Description	Donor is diagnosed and <i>confirmed</i> by testing: i) In community, or ii) after admission to hospital iii) May be primary cause of death or may come to donation because of another condition.	Donor diagnosis suspected or possible but <i>not confirmed by testing</i> : i) in the community, or ii) after admission to hospital, or iii) Has symptoms suggestive of influenza	Donor has a history of illness but more than 10 days has passed since diagnosis and full clinical recovery.	Donation should proceed as normal.
Organs	Organs should not be used unless ≥ 5 days since its diagnosis and treatment with therapeutic doses of tamiflu or appropriate antiviral. Lungs and small bowel should normally not be donated.	 If no history of treatment, organs should only be used after discussion with transplant physician and/or TGLN Tx ID. If ≥ 5 days of tamiflu or appropriate antivirals, then organs may be used. Lungs and small bowel should be used with caution. 	Organ donation may proceed as regularly. If Influenza was present within two weeks, lungs and small bowel should be used with caution.	
Notes	 Acceptance of organs at the discretion of the transplant physician. Prophylaxis/ treatment for influenza should be administered to recipients. Should discuss case with TGLN Tx ID. 	 NP swabs should be taken Acceptance of organs at the discretion of the transplant physician. Prophylaxis/treatment for Influenza should be administered to recipient pending donor swabs. 	 NP swabs should be taken. Inform transplant program of patient's history of Influenza. 	 NP swabs should be taken. Prophylaxis should be administered to any recipient of a donor proven to be positive.

* New emerging strains of Influenza such as H5N1 and H7N9 (bird flu viruses) are not included and should be discussed with Medical Director and TGLN Tx ID. Normally these donors would not be accepted under any condition.



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Exhibit 1: Provincial and Transplant Program Specific Exclusions - Sample

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	Ont	ario Gift of Life Don de vie
		Heart Deceased Donor Criteria
		Provincial Heart/Lung Working Group
	(Davinad from 2010 IS	HLT Guidelines for the Care of Heart Transplant Recipients & Organ Donor Management in Canada:
		indations of the Forum on Medical Management to Optimize Donor Organ Potential, 2006)
AB	SOLUTE DONO	R EXCLUSION CRITERIA:
Abs #	Solute Donor Exc Factor	clusion Criteria for Heart Transplantation Criteria
# 1	Malignancy	Donors with active cancer (donors receiving chemotherapy or radiation therapy or
		 palliative cancer care within the last 5 years); excluding skin and primary brain tumours and prostate cancers (see below). Donors with melanomas
2	Age	DCD hearts are only considered for paediatric recipients and from donors < 1 years of
		 age. Hearts are not considered from any donor > 70 years of age
3	Infection /	 Positive HIV, HbsAg, HTLV-I/II test results
	Communicable	West Nile Virus (WNV), or recent exposure to WNV
	Diseases	• Rabies or within the last 6 months bitten by an animal and treated as if animal was rabid
		 Documented fungal septicaemia In general, infected donor hearts should not be used unless:
		 In general, infected doilor nearts should <u>not</u> be used <u>unless</u>. The donor infection is community acquired and donor death occurs within 96 hrs
		 Repeat blood cultures before organ procurement are negative
		 Pathogen-specific anti-microbial therapy is administered to the donor
		 Donor myocardial function is normal There is no evidence of endocarditis by direct inspection of the heart
4	Cardiac	Donors with pre-existing cardiac abnormalities:
	Abnormalities	 The presence of intractable ventricular arrhythmias
Rel	ative Donor Excl	R EXCLUSION CRITERIA (HEART SPECIFIC):
#	Factor	Criteria Donor hearts younger than 45 years will have sufficient reserves to withstand the rigors
1	11ge	 Donor hearts younger than 45 years will have sufficient reserves to withstand the rigors of heart transplant even in the settings of relative prolonged ischemic time, recipient
		comorbidities and multiple previous recipient operations with hemodynamically
		 destabilizing bleeding. Hearts from donors between the ages of 45 to 55 years should probably be used when the
		 Hearts from donors between the ages of 45 to 55 years should probably be used when the projected ischemic time is < 4 hours and the potential recipient does not have
		comorbidities or surgical issues where anything else less than a robust donor heart
		performance could prove fatal
		 The use of donor hearts > 55 years should only be used if survival benefit in early HT survival due to transplantation of a heart with limited myocardial reserves
	Drug Toxicities	 Donors with a history of non-intravenous cocaine use may be used as long as cardiac
2		function is normal and LVH is absent
2		
2		Donor hearts from carbon monoxide poisoning may be used provided: EVG and aphenergiaerum are normal:
2		Donor hearts from carbon monoxide poisoning may be used provided: EKG and echocardiogram are normal; Minimal elevation in cardiac markers;



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Exhibit 2: Program Specific Change Request Form - Sample

Page 1

accordingly	te specific exclus		he document is r	Resource Centre (PRC) of any changes to eceived, the PRC will update the on Criteria document and make offers
	plete this form an	d send the request to <u>Clin</u> nd signed by the transpl		iftofLife.on.ca. Please note that all chang al director.
Date:			Trans	splant Hospital: Choose Transplant Hos
Person Sub	mitting Request	:	Conta	act #:
Change ap	plicable to the fo	llowing donor organ:		
	☐Kidney ☐Lung	Kidney/Pancreas	Liver All Organs	☐Heart ☐Other, specify:
Type of Ch	ange required:			
TRANSPLA	ANT CENTRE M	EDICAL DIRECTOR		
	ing that the reque	ested change is accurate		
I am confirm		Ģ		
I am confirm				



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Exhibit 3: Infectious Disease donor screening tool

		CSF-9-23
Ontario Health Trillium Gift of Life Network	483, rue Bay, tour Sud, 4e étage, Toronto, ON MSG 2C9 Téléphone: 416 365-4001 ou 1800 265-2833 Télécopieur: 416 363-4002	483 Bay Street South Tower, 4 th Floor Toronto, ON MSG 2C9 Tel: 416-363-4001 (in Toronto) or 1-800-2833 Fax: 416-363-4002
Coronavirus (COVID-19) Donor Scre		
TGLN #:	3	
Date: Signature:		
SECTION A: Active COVID-19 Infection: (i		
Does the potential donor currently have an activ		-
SECTION B [for lung donors only]: Expos	sure or Recent COVID-19: (if YES, consult	TSP-ID)
Has the potential donor been exposed to COVIE		
Does the potential donor have a history of COVI	ID-19 infection within the last 28 days?	yes □ no
Testing: Consult TSP ID if testing requirement	nts are not met.	
*All donors: Testing by NPS within 72 hours		
**LUNG DONORS: Testing by NPS and either	r ETT aspirate or BAL required within 72 ho	urs



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Exhibit 4: First Person Infectious Disease donor screening tool

48, ne By, tor Sud, se étag, Torono, ON M65 203 483 By Stret Souh Tower, er PT Torono, ON M65 203 1800 255-2833 Tei 4:533-4002 Coronavirus (COVID-19) First-Person Donor Screening Tool TGLN #: Date: Tei 4:533-4002 Signature:			CSF-9
Coronavirus (COVID-19) First-Person Donor Screening Tool TGLN #: 	Ontario Health Inflium Gift of Life Network	483, rue Bay, tour Sud, 4e étage, Toronto, ON M/52 2C9 Téléphone: 416 383-4001 ou 1 800 256-2833 Télécopieur: 416 363-4002	Toronto, ON M5G 2C9 Tel: 416-363-4001 (in Toronto) or 1-800-2833
Date:			
Does the potential donor currently have an active COVID-19 infection or positive SARS-CoV-2 PCR?:yes no SECTION B [for lung donors only]: Exposure or Recent COVID-19 Has the potential donor been exposed to COVID-19 in the last 7 days (e.g. in hospital, or in the community)?yes no Does the potential donor have a history of COVID-19 infection within the last 28 days? yes no CONSULT TSP-ID if YES to any of the above *Testing by NPS 3-5 days prior to MAiD provision and 24hrs prior to MAiD provision **LUNG DONORS Testing by BAL Aspirate in addition to NP Swabs - BAL sample taken during lung recovery and urgent testing results available before ex vivo assessment or transplant procedure initiation. N95 respirators to	Date:		
SECTION B [for lung donors only]: Exposure or Recent COVID-19 Has the potential donor been exposed to COVID-19 in the last 7 days (e.g. in hospital, or in the community)? yes no Does the potential donor have a history of COVID-19 infection within the last 28 days? yes no CONSULT TSP-ID if YES to any of the above *Testing by NPS 3-5 days prior to MAiD provision and 24hrs prior to MAiD provision **LUNG DONORS Testing by BAL Aspirate in addition to NP Swabs – BAL sample taken during lung recovery and urgent testing results available before ex vivo assessment or transplant procedure initiation. N95 respirators to		tius COVID 10 infection or paritius SARS CoV	
Has the potential donor been exposed to COVID-19 in the last 7 days (e.g. in hospital, or in the community)? Uyes D no Does the potential donor have a history of COVID-19 infection within the last 28 days? Uyes D no CONSULT TSP-ID if YES to any of the above *Testing by NPS 3-5 days prior to MAiD provision and 24hrs prior to MAiD provision **LUNG DONORS Testing by BAL Aspirate in addition to NP Swabs – BAL sample taken during lung recovery and urgent testing results available before ex vivo assessment or transplant procedure initiation. N95 respirators to	-		
Does the potential donor have a history of COVID-19 infection within the last 28 days? yes no CONSULT TSP-ID if YES to any of the above *Testing by NPS 3-5 days prior to MAiD provision and 24hrs prior to MAiD provision **LUNG DONORS Testing by BAL Aspirate in addition to NP Swabs – BAL sample taken during lung recovery and urgent testing results available before ex vivo assessment or transplant procedure initiation. N95 respirators to			ne community)? 🗆 ves 🗆 no
*Testing by NPS 3-5 days prior to MAiD provision <u>and</u> 24hrs prior to MAiD provision **LUNG DONORS Testing by BAL Aspirate in addition to NP Swabs – BAL sample taken during lung recovery and urgent testing results available before ex vivo assessment or transplant procedure initiation. N95 respirators to			
**LUNG DONORS Testing by BAL Aspirate in addition to NP Swabs – BAL sample taken during lung recovery and urgent testing results available before ex vivo assessment or transplant procedure initiation. N95 respirators to	CONSULT TSP-ID if YES to any of the above	ve	
**LUNG DONORS Testing by BAL Aspirate in addition to NP Swabs – BAL sample taken during lung recovery and urgent testing results available before ex vivo assessment or transplant procedure initiation. N95 respirators to	-		
urgent testing results available before ex vivo assessment or transplant procedure initiation. N95 respirators to			n during lung recovery and